

A Level Physics Curriculum Overview

	Y12	Y13
Half Term 1	<p>Module 1 - Working as a physicist</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Base and derived quantities and their SI units → Errors and uncertainty → Practical & Investigative skills <p>Module 4 - Materials</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Determining the density of an object. → Understanding upthrust and weight of object displaced → Viscous drag - stokes law. → Core practical 4 using a falling ball to determine the viscosity of a liquid → Using Hooke's Law to determine the spring constant / stiffness of a spring. → Tensile stress and strain → Compressive stress and strain → Young modulus of a material → Core practical 5 - Determine the Young modulus of a material. → Force extension, force compression graphs → Limit of proportionality, elastic limit, yield point, elastic deformation and plastic deformation. → Interpret tensile stress and strain graphs. → Calculating the elastic strain energy in a deformed 	<p>Further Mechanics</p> <p>Nuclear and particle physics</p>

material using equation and graphs.

- Free body diagrams.
- $F=ma$
- $w=mg$
- Core Practical 1 - Determine the acceleration of a free falling object

Module 2 - Mechanics

- Motion graphs
- Vector and scalar quantities
- Resolving vectors at right angles by drawing and calculation
- Resolving Coplanar vectors at any angle by drawing and calculation.
- Vertical and horizontal components of motion and projectiles.
- Newton's third
- Momentum
- Conservation of momentum
- Centre of gravity
- $W=Fs$
- Kinetic energy
- Gravitational Potential Energy
- Principle of conservation of energy
- Work, energy and power
- Efficiency

<p>Half Term 2</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → SUVAT equations. → <p>Module 3 - Electric Circuits.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → $Q=IT$ → $W=VQ$ → $V=IR$ and Ohms law for fixed resistors. → Conservation of charge → Derivation of resistances in parallel and series. → Power $P=VI$, $W=VIt$ $P=I^2R$ and $V^2=PR$ → IV Characteristics for a Diode, ohmic conductor, filament bulb, & Thermistor. → Resistivity → CPAC - Determine the electrical resistivity of a material. → $I=nqvA$ → How length of wire affects resistance <p>Module 5 - Waves & the Particle Nature of Light.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Amplitude, frequency, period, speed and wavelength. → Wave speed equation → Longitudinal waves and pressure variations → Transverse waves → Interpreting graphs representing transverse and longitudinal waves to include standing waves → CPAC 2 determining the speed of sound. → Wavefronts, coherence, path difference, superposition, interference and phase. → Phase difference and path difference 	<p>Thermodynamics</p> <p>Electric and magnetic Fields</p>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Standing / stationary waves, nodes and antinodes. → Finding the speed of a wave of a transverse wave on a string. → CPAC investigating tension, length, and mass per unit length on the frequency of a vibrating string or wire. → 	
<p>Half Term 3</p>	<p>Module 3 - Electricity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Potential Dividers → Analysis of potential divider circuits with Thermistors and LDRs → Emf, internal resistance and terminal potential resistance → How temperature affects resistance in metals and negative coefficient thermistors <p>Module 5 - Waves & the Particle Nature of Light.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Intensity of radiation - inverse square law → Refractive index → Critical angle → Total internal reflection → Measuring refractive index of solid material. → Focal length and converging and diverging lenses. → Ray diagrams to locate the position of an image → Power of lens → Real and virtual images → Magnification equation 	<p>Nuclear Radiation Gravitational Fields</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Plane polarisation → Diffraction & Huygens construction → Diffraction gratings → CPAC - determining wavelength from a laser using diffraction gratings. → Diffraction gratings and evidence for the wave nature of electrons 	
Half Term 4	<p>Module 5 - waves and the particle nature of light</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → De Broglie equation → Transmission and reflection → Pulse echo technique → Photon model of EM radiation → $E=hf$ → Absorption of a photon can result in the emission of a photoelectron → Threshold frequency and work function → Use of the electron volt. → Photoelectric effect and evidence for the particle nature of light. → Emission and absorption spectra 	Space Oscillations
Half Term 5	Mock Examinations and DIRT	

Half Term 6	Particle Physics	
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